

# OPEN DEFIANCE BY CARRANZA MEANS WAR

United States Government  
Demands Release of the  
American Prisoners and  
Early Statement of the  
Purpose of the De Facto  
Government of Mexico

## CARRIZAL ATTACK WAS DELIBERATE

Carranza Notifies State Department That the Attack Was Direct Result of Order Sent by Him to Gen. Trevino and Communicated to Pershing

Washington, D. C., June 26.—Secretary Lansing's note to the de facto government, demanding the immediate release of the American troops taken prisoner at Carrizal, coupled with the stern notification that the United States expects an early statement of the Carranza government, reached Mexico City last night, and Special Agent Rodgers arranged to deliver it immediately. This was reported in a cablegram from Rodgers, sent last night and received to-day. There was nothing in the message to indicate how the demand was received or when a reply might be expected.

The note discloses that the state department received Saturday a communication from the de facto government, stating that the Carrizal fight was the direct result of orders to attack American soldiers moving otherwise than toward the border, personally sent by Gen. Carranza to Gen. Trevino, and by the latter communicated to General Pershing.

In reply, Secretary Lansing requires that the de facto government transmit a definite statement "as to the course of action it has determined upon" through the usual diplomatic channels "and not through subordinate military officials."

The text of the note to the de facto government is as follows:

"Mr. Arredondo yesterday delivered to this government the following communication: 'I am directed by my government to inform your excellency, with reference to the Carrizal incident, that the chief executive, through the Mexican war department, gave orders to General Jacinto B. Trevino not to permit American forces from General Pershing's column to advance farther south, nor to move either east or west from the points where they are located, and to oppose new incursions of American soldiers into Mexican territory. These orders were brought by Gen. Trevino to the attention of Gen. Pershing, who acknowledged the receipt of the communication relative thereto. On the 22d instant, as your excellency knows, an American force moved eastward quite far from its base, notwithstanding the above orders, and was engaged by Mexican troops at Carrizal, state of Chihuahua. As a result of the encounter, several men on both sides were killed and wounded, and seventeen American soldiers were made prisoners.'

"You are hereby instructed to hand to the minister of foreign relations of the de facto government the following:

"The government of the United States can put no other construction upon the communication handed to the secretary of state of the United States on the twenty-fourth of June, by Mr. Arredondo, under instructions of your government, than that it is intended as a formal avowal of deliberately hostile action against the forces of the United States now in Mexico, and of the purpose to attack them without provocation whenever they move from their present position in pursuance of the objects for which they were sent there, notwithstanding the fact that those objects not only involve no unfriendly intention toward the government and people of Mexico, but are on the contrary intended only to assist that government in protecting itself and the territory and people of the United States against irresponsible and insurgent bands of rebel marauders.

"I am instructed, therefore, by my government, to demand the immediate release of the prisoners taken in the encounter at Carrizal, together with any property of the United States taken with them, and to inform you that the government of the United States expects an early statement from your government as to the course of action it wishes to undertake in the future, and that it also expects that this statement be made through the usual diplomatic channels, and not through subordinate military commanders."

## BUILD BREASTWORKS OF SAND BAGS AT NACO, ARIZ.

United States Soldiers Are Preparing for 1,500 Mexicans, Who Are Reported to Have Arrived a Few Miles Off.

Naco, Ariz., June 26.—United States soldiers were engaged to-day in erecting a line of breastworks in a northeasterly direction near the border from the United States immigration office.

This action was taken following a receipt of reports considered authentic that 1,500 Mexican troops had arrived within

a few miles of Naco. The soldiers are using sandbags and are not digging trenches. Two hundred soldiers are on guard here. Naco citizens have begun the organization of home guards and have asked that more troops be sent.

## CAPT. MORELY SAVED, PERSHING HEARS

Note Found on Body of Capt. Boyd Declared that Gomez Invited Him Into Carrizal for Conference, But Boyd Refused.

Field headquarters, Mexico, Sunday, by wireless to Columbus, N. M., June 26.—Twenty-three American soldiers are known to have lost their lives at Carrizal, according to a report to Pershing from Major Jenkins who is scouring the country for survivors. The report told of the rescue of Captain Lewis Sidney Morely, who had been reported dead.

A note which was found on the body of Captain Boyd stated that Gomez invited him into the town and when he refused he conferred with him on the outside, but it threw no new light on the clash.

## MORELY'S WIFE GETS WORD.

Wireless Message Says Her Husband is Safe in Mexico.

San Antonio, Texas, June 26. (Mexican)—Capt. Lewis Sidney Morely is safe, having reached the main body of American troops with two of his men.

General Funston received a message by telephone last night from Mrs. Morely at Austin, Tex., that she had had a wireless message from him from "Somewhere in Mexico" to that effect.

## PERSHING'S 12,000 MEN ARE READY FOR ACTIVE WORK

Troops Are in Splendid Trim and Equipment Is in Fine Condition—Carranza Reported to Be Dickered with Villa.

El Paso, Tex., June 26.—Pershing's expeditionary force in Mexico is ready for action if action is necessary. His southernmost outpost is near El Valle, less than 50 miles from Colonia Dublan, the main base. In the neighborhood of 12,000 men in splendid fighting trim compose Pershing's forces, their equipment is in fine condition and the horses and mules are fit and strong.

Information reached here to-day from an apparently reliable source that Villa had reached an agreement with the de facto government and that this was being used to induce his followers to join the Carranza forces.

## CARRANZA FORCES A GENERAL OUT FOR DISOBEDIENCE

Gen. Alfredo Ricaut Displaced in Command of Northeastern Border Patrol Because He Failed to Attack Americans on June 17.

Laredo, Tex., June 26.—Carranza has removed Gen. Alfredo Ricaut, commander of the northeastern Mexican border patrol, and reinstated Gen. Emiliano Nafarrete, now at Tampico, it was unofficially announced to-day. The change is said to have been due to Ricaut's failure to attack the American forces that crossed the river, pursuing bandits, June 17.

## STRUCK BRITISH WARSHIP.

Massachusetts National Training Ship Ranger Not Seriously Damaged.

New York, June 26.—The Massachusetts national training ship Ranger was in collision in a dense fog early to-day with a British warship on patrol duty off Montauk Point, Long Island, but neither was seriously damaged.

## VERMONT BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Bethel Firm Files in Bankruptcy; Has Debt of \$35,100.

Rutland, June 26.—George E. Kimball and Stanley Putnam, doing a grocery business at Bethel under the firm name of Kimball & Putnam, filed a petition in bankruptcy with United States Clerk F. S. Platt Saturday. The firm has liabilities of \$35,100 and assets of \$1,530.76. Mr. Kimball has liabilities of \$1,530.76 and assets of \$250, all exempt. Mr. Putnam has liabilities of \$1,111.04 and assets of \$250, all exempt.

## CASEMENT TRIAL STARTS.

Alleged Irish Rebellion Leader Entered Formal Plea of Not Guilty.

London, June 26.—The trial of Sir Roger Casement, accused of instigating the recent Irish rebellion, was started to-day, the prisoner making a formal plea of not guilty. The jury being completed, Sir Frederick Smith made the opening address for the government, dwelling upon the gravity of the treason and said that the jury would have to decide if there were any extenuating circumstances.

Two government officials testified regarding Casement's record in the consular service and his receipt of a pension on retirement. Private John Cronin described Casement's attempts to gain enlistments among Irish prisoners in Germany.

## NEW BANKRUPTCY REFEREE.

Atty. Thomas H. Browne of Rutland Appointed.

Rutland, June 26.—Atty. Thomas H. Browne of Prospect street has been appointed referee in bankruptcy for the district of Vermont, the county of Rutland, succeeding Atty. Ernest H. O'Brien.

## GERMANS FORCED OUT OF TRENCH ON WEST FRONT

French Captured Part of Position Between Fumin and Chenois Woods and Repulsed Attack West of Thiaumont.

Paris, June 26.—In a night attack the French captured a part of a German trench between Fumin and Chenois woods in the Verdun sector, and a German attack west of Thiaumont was repulsed, according to the official statement. A heavy artillery duel is in progress west of the Meuse.

## BRITISH SHOW ACTIVITY.

British Official Report Says There Has Been Fighting for Two Days.

Berlin, June 26.—The fighting activity in the western theatre on fronts occupied by the British and the north wing of the French army is important and has been so for the past two days, says the German official statement.

## AUSTRIANS FLEEING BEFORE ITALIANS IN TRENTINO

General Retreat Being Carried Out Over a Front of 20 Miles and Italians are Pressing the Pursuit Vigorously.

Rome, June 26.—A general retreat of Austrians in the Trentino district over a sector of about 20 miles in extent was announced in an official statement of the Italian war office to-day. The statement says that the Italians are pressing the pursuit vigorously.

## FAIR HAVEN STATION ROBBED.

About \$300 Worth of Property Stolen Saturday Night.

Fair Haven, June 26.—Sometime Saturday night, probably between 11 and 12 o'clock, the ticket office of the Delaware and Hudson railroad here was entered, the safe opened and rifled. The burglar secured 250-mile mileage books, a small sum of money and some tickets. The safe was evidently opened by working the combination. It is believed that a recently discharged prisoner from a New York state prison made the break as a man, said to have been released from a New York prison was in Fair Haven Saturday night and between 11 and 12 o'clock is said to have been in the Palace bowling alley and to have offered to sell a full D. and H. mileage for \$5.

Entrance to the station was made through a window. The burglar tore the inside of the safe out in getting at the iron "strong box" containing tickets and cash. The box was carried away as was the ticket dating stamp. Both were found yesterday by boys at a swimming hole in the river. The box contained a bank check, which had been disguised by water, some pencils and other articles.

## A SERIOUS FRACAS AT LYNDONVILLE

Men Claim They Were Hired to Work in Open Shop and Were Put Out of Temper When They Were Asked to Be Strikebreakers.

Lyndonville, June 26.—Seven men were arrested yesterday after causing a disturbance, by Sheriff W. F. Worthen of St. Johnsbury. The men came here in response to an advertisement and were to work with strikebreakers who have been operating since the Boston & Maine railroad went out on a scab strike.

The men came from New York Saturday night and say they understood they were to work in an open shop. When they found that they were to act as strikebreakers they demanded return fare to New York.

They were refused, and in the fracas which followed it is said that Foreman Steele of the crew drew a revolver. Several blows were struck and a hurry call was sent to St. Johnsbury for officers.

## BEATEN ON HEAD.

Marcellino Campo Said to Have Been Attacked in Game of "Booth."

Marcellino Campo, aged 31, a granite center, is at the City hospital receiving treatment for a scalp wound and the police are conducting a search for two men who are alleged to have assaulted him on Circle street Saturday afternoon. Police headquarters were not notified of the fracas until Sunday morning. State Atty. F. E. Gleason came to the city to-day to make an investigation.

Details of the fight, as reported by a compatriot of Campo, indicate that the trouble started while a game of "booth" was in progress on an alley at 48 Circle street. There is said to have been blood between Campo and other men who were either watching the game or participating. According to the information received by the police, Campo was seized by one of the men while his companion used a ten-pin effectively. Once Campo broke away from his assailants and started down the road. He was overtaken by the pair and received another beating.

Campo was removed to the hospital and Dr. J. W. Stewart was called to attend him. The scalp wound is of a serious nature, but it is thought that the man will recover.

Upon learning of the affair, the police set about to investigate the circumstances. The state's attorney was notified and inquiries were made over the telephone yesterday, it is said. There is little doubt that the men involved in the attack on Campo are in hiding, although it is possible that they may have left the city.

Clayton Spencer of Carrier street went yesterday to Williamstown, where he will spend a few days visiting with relatives and friends.

R. J. Fayette, proprietor of the Vermont Fruit company, was in the city Saturday on business connected with his branch store on Granite street. Mr. Fayette returned to Burlington Saturday evening.

# COLETT TROOPS OUT OF TRENCH ON WEST FRONT LEAVE HUGHES TONIGHT

Theodore Roosevelt Declared That the Republican Nominee Measures Up to the Standard of Americanism Desired and Is "Incomparably" Better Than Wilson

## WILL WORK HARD FOR HUGHES' ELECTION

Roosevelt Issues Statement in Which He Thanks the Progressives but Declines to Run for President—He Lashes the "Professional German-Americans"

Chicago, June 26.—Theodore Roosevelt to-day formally declined the Progressive party nomination for president of the United States and announced his intention to work for the election of Charles Evans Hughes, the Republican nominee.

Roosevelt addressed a statement to the Progressive national committee in which he thanked the Progressive party for the nomination but declared that the movement to defeat Wilson would require a united opposition. His statement is as follows:

To the Progressive National Committee: Gentlemen: In accordance with the message I sent to the Progressive national convention as soon as I had received the notification that it had nominated me for president, I now communicate to you my reasons for declining the honor which I should accept. Since the adjournment of the convention, I have received between two and three thousand letters and telegrams from men and women who are loyal to the Progressive party. As it is a physical impossibility to answer these letters and telegrams individually, I beg of the Progressive party to accept my reasons for declining this public statement in lieu of such answers.

Before speaking of anything else, I wish to express my heartfelt and most unstinted admiration for the men and women who made up the Progressive national convention in 1915. I can give them no higher praise than to say that all respects they stood level with the men and women who in 1912 joined in Chicago to found the Progressive party. Their character, in disinterestedness, in vision, in insight, in high purpose, and in desire to render practical service to the people, trifled not with the highest standards of the nation. The platform put forth in 1912 was much the most important public document promulgated in this country since the death of Abraham Lincoln. It represented the first effort on a large scale to form a national party, to unite the social and economic forces of the nation, and to apply the principles of the American Revolution to the conditions of the United States in the twentieth century.

No fine effort was ever made to serve the American people in the history of this country that is loftier in the American tradition.

Events have shown that the Progressive party in 1912 offered the only alternative to the triumph of the Democratic party. Moreover, these events have shown that the application of the principles which we then advocated is even more imperative in this day than it was at the time of the convention.

The results of the terrible world war of which we are living in this country have shown that there must be spiritual and industrial preparation for the future. The only way to prepare for the future is by the application of the principles of the American Revolution to the conditions of the United States in the twentieth century. The only way to prepare for the future is by the application of the principles of the American Revolution to the conditions of the United States in the twentieth century.

Yet it has become entirely evident that the people under existing conditions are not prepared to accept a new party.

It is impossible for us Progressives to abandon our convictions. But we also face with us the fact that as things actually are, the Progressive national organization no longer offers the means whereby we should work for these ideas. It is impossible for us to work for these ideas in the present conditions. It is impossible for us to work for these ideas in the present conditions.

Within the Republican party conflict.

Vermont National Guard Is Busy with Hurried Preparations for Departure for the Mexican Border, Having Taken the Oath for Federal Service for Three Years or Till Released

## EXACT HOUR OF GOING NOT DETERMINED

The Regiment Is Still Short of War Strength Although Recruits Are Coming in All the Time—Many Promotions and Appointments Announced

Burlington, June 26.—The 1st regiment, Vermont National Guard, received orders late last night from the department of the east to entrain to-night, so far as the regiment is ready to move. Col. Ira L. Reeves, commanding the regiment, was not informed as to the destination of the regiment nor as to the exact time of departure. The troops will be ready to move, with few exceptions.

The men of the infantry took the oath of allegiance in the United States service yesterday, the oath being administered to the officers by Adjutant-General Lee S. Tillotson and by them, in turn, administered to the enlisted men. Ninety per cent of the guardsmen took the oath and those who did not will be discharged at once. The oath is as follows:

"I do hereby acknowledge to have voluntarily enlisted this . . . day of . . . . . as a soldier in the National Guard of the United States and of the state of Vermont for the period of three years in service and three years in reserve, under the conditions prescribed by law, unless sooner discharged by proper authority."

"And I do solemnly swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the United States of America and to the state of Vermont and that I will serve them honestly and faithfully against their enemies whosoever, and that I will obey the orders of the president of the United States and of the governor of the state of Vermont and of the officers appointed over me according to law, and the rules and articles of war."

The administering of this oath marks the transfer of the militia from the control of the state to the control of the national government. Approximately 30 officers and 1,120 privates were mustered into the federal service. The mustering in officer is First Lieutenant J. C. Waterman, U. S. A., inspector-instructor of the Vermont National Guard.

## Promotions and Appointments.

Adjutant-General Lee S. Tillotson announced the following promotions and new appointments yesterday: Private Wallace Batchelder, 1st infantry, appointed major, 1st cavalry, June 24, 1916. Dr. Fred A. Edmunds of Bethel, appointed captain, medical corps, June 24, 1916. Second Lieutenant Paul H. Gates of Franklin, appointed first lieutenant and battalion adjutant, June 10, 1916. Second Lieutenant Walter R. Spaulding of Brattleboro, 1st infantry, appointed first lieutenant, 1st infantry, June 21, 1916. Sergeant Jethro Manly, U. S. cavalry, appointed first lieutenant and battalion adjutant, 1st infantry, June 24, 1916. Walter F. Adams, appointed second lieutenant, 1st infantry, June 20, 1916. Roy B. Miner of Brattleboro, appointed second lieutenant, 1st infantry, June 21, 1916. Regimental Sergeant-Major Raymond P. Fuller, 1st infantry, appointed second lieutenant and battalion quartermaster, 1st infantry, June 21, 1916. Ordnance Sergeant William H. Morrill, appointed second lieutenant, 1st infantry, June 21, 1916. Battalion Sergeant-Major Arthur L. Lavery of Burlington, 1st infantry, appointed regimental sergeant-major, 1st infantry, June 21, 1916. Company adjutant battalion sergeant-major.

## Norwich Cadets Not Included in Order.

The order to entrain does not include the 1st squadron of cavalry, made up largely of cadets of Norwich university, with a sprinkling of business men from Bethel.

## MORE CO. H RECRUITS.

Six Montpelier Men and Two Barre Men to Enlist.

Eight recruits left Montpelier this forenoon to join Company H. V. N. G., they being Herbert Crapo, Francis Miller, Fred Getchell, James Kenworthy, Henry Collins and Edward Parido, all of Montpelier, and William Clark and William J. Belote, both of Barre.

Colonel Reeves, who was to command the camp, the regular army officers, and the cadet instructors are all called to active service. All equipment, horses, etc., has been called into the service of the United States. It was hoped at first to continue with the camps, but it was finally decided that the equipment and instructors would be of more use in the service.

## FOR SOLDIERS' RELIEF.

St. Albans Red Cross Offers Services to Company B.

St. Albans, June 26.—The St. Albans branch of the American Red Cross, through its president, Mrs. Edward C. Smith, has offered its services to the work of caring for the health and comfort of the soldiers sent to Mexico from this city and state. This prompt offer has been accepted by Secretary Forbes on behalf of the Vermont chapter of the Red Cross. Mrs. Smith will appoint auxiliary committees to assist in this work for the aid of Co. B, 1st infantry, V. N. G., and the families of its members. A meeting to organize and make plans for this work will be held at an early date. The local Red Cross society has done splendid work in aid of the soldiers in foreign countries.

## BAY STATE TROOPS GOING TO EL PASO

Orders Came Giving Destination and Troops Began Entraining at Framingham.

Framingham, Mass., June 26.—Guardsmen are entraining to-day and will probably start for the border before night. Orders came to-day, ordering the Massachusetts men to El Paso.

## TO ENTRAIN IMMEDIATELY

14th Infantry of Brooklyn Prepared to Go This Afternoon.

Peekskill, N. Y., June 26.—The 14th infantry of Brooklyn has received orders to entrain immediately and the officers said they would get away this afternoon.

## BIG TRADE WEEK CLOSED SATURDAY

A Large Number of Shoppers Came to Barre During the Period and Took Advantage of the Many Opportunities Offered by Barre Stores.

Weather conditions conducive to travel by auto and team made Saturday the busiest day of Barre trade week. Although heavy rains that prevailed throughout the week were not wholly favorable to shoppers, the volume of business was unusually large from Saturday, June 17, until the close of trade week Saturday evening. Naturally the biggest day's business was registered on the final day, and while the merchants were not expecting such an influx of out-of-town shoppers, it may be said in all truth that they were prepared.

Daily, The Times office was called upon to handle many trade slips and a good many dollars were paid out for carriages. Hundreds of people were in the city and thousands of dollars were spent by them. By many of the merchants trade week was described to-day as an unqualified success.

One merchant is quoted as saying that last week was the biggest six days' business recorded on his books with the exception of two Christmas weeks, as they are known to the trade. Another expressed his opinion that the trade week had stimulated business beyond his most sanguine hopes. A third merchant, while going on record as being pleased with his volume of sales, said he felt that the opportunity to get acquainted with many out-of-town people, whom he has never known before, was worth more than the money diverted to his cash register.

As for those who took advantage of Barre's trade week it is to be chronicled that the shoppers were wholly satisfied with the inducements offered them to trade in this city. There were those who expressed surprise that Barre's mercantile establishments afford so many opportunities for the retail buyer. Many who came to the city from a distance were amply repaid by attractive carfare rebates.

## WAS SICK ONLY A DAY.

William J. Macneil of 25 Maple Grove Died Saturday.

William J. Macneil of 25 Maple Grove passed away Saturday forenoon at 11:45 o'clock, the end following a brief illness. Mr. Macneil, 1st infantry, appointed second lieutenant and battalion quartermaster, 1st infantry, June 21, 1916. Ordinance Sergeant William H. Morrill, appointed second lieutenant, 1st infantry, June 21, 1916. Battalion Sergeant-Major Arthur L. Lavery of Burlington, 1st infantry, appointed regimental sergeant-major, 1st infantry, June 21, 1916. Company adjutant battalion sergeant-major.

The deceased is survived by his wife, who was Miss Gertrude L. Rolerson, to whom he was married in Chamby, P. Q., July 12, 1883; one daughter, Mrs. Arthur E. Hughes of Barre; and by three sons, Arthur W. Macneil of Barre, Austin O. Macneil of Syracuse, N. Y., and Lloyd O. Macneil of this city. There are also left two grandsons, Wesson Richardson Macneil, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Macneil, and Lloyd William Macneil, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Macneil. A sister of the deceased, Mrs. Orin Litchfield, resides in Fitchburg, Mass. There are two brothers, Daniel of Cambridge, Pa., and Charles of Chicago. A third brother, John Hope, lives in Lowell, Mass. Mr. Macneil was born in Claremont, P. Q., April 27, 1846. In a long business career he was engaged at first in the dry goods business and then as a piano dealer, having been associated with the piano trade for several years prior to his death. At one time he was established in the dry goods line in Lowell, Mass., being a member of the firm of Dick & Macneil. Mr. Macneil was held in high regard by those with whom he came in contact in a business way and his unexpected demise is mourned by many acquaintances. He was a Mason and belonged to the Independent Order of Foresters.

The funeral will be held in the Church of the Good Shepherd Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The pastor, Rev. W. J. M. Heath, will be the officiating clergyman and interment will be made in the cemetery. It is requested that flowers be omitted.

## MILITARY CAMP ABANDONED.

All the Instructors for Proposed School at Northfield in Service.

Northfield, June 26.—On account of the mobilization of the Vermont National Guard, it has become necessary to give up the plan for the school of citizenship which was to start at Northfield university on July 1 and continue until August 11.

# FALLING WHEEL KILLED BOY

William W. Lafayette, 5, Struck on Back by Head and Pinne

## WHEEL SUICIDED FROM PEG ON DOOR

Cow Struck Heavy Object and Dislodged It from Its Position

William Lafayette, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lafayette of the west hill, met death in a peculiar manner early Sunday evening when he was struck in the head by a heavy cast wheel, which fell from a spindle on the barn door as Mr. Lafayette was letting the cows into the yard for the night. Death is believed to have been instantaneous, although the lad's father hurriedly placed his son in an automobile and rushed him to the office of Dr. J. W. Stewart in this city.

According to Mr. Lafayette, he had been engaged in painting one of the wheels used on a heavy farm wagon. To facilitate the work he hung the wheel on a peg near the barn door. Children about the place had been cautioned to keep away from the wheel, which was not held any too securely by the peg.

Around 6:30 o'clock Mr. Lafayette, having finished milking, released the cows from their stanchions. The first cow to leave the barn brought its head against the barn door in such a way as to push the cast wheel from its spindle outside. The Lafayette boy was standing with his back toward the barn, waiting to aid in driving the cows from the barn yard. When the wheel fell, the heavy rim struck him in the back of the head, crushing the base of the skull. The elder Lafayette heard a scream from his son and, hurrying from the barn, found the lad lying on the ground under the wheel. At the office of Dr. Stewart the physician said that death must have ensued very soon. Mr. Lafayette is of the opinion that the little fellow had a slight pulse as he boarded the auto with the boy in his arms, but the child was dead before the party reached the doctor's office.

The child was five years old and is survived by his parents, four brothers, Ernest Lafayette, who is employed in the Holt Barber shop, Percy Lafayette of Windsor, Roland and Raymond Lafayette, who live at home. One sister, Blanche Lafayette, lives with her parents.

It is expected that the funeral will be held in St. Monica's church Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. P. M. McKenna will officiate and interment will be made in the Catholic cemetery on Beckley street.

## HONORS GIVEN OUT

At St. Monica's Sunday School, Which Closed Yesterday.

St. Monica's Sunday school closed Sunday for the summer months. The pupils received their grade cards and were awarded class honors. The following are the names of those who won first honors for the year:

Class prize, grade 9, boys, Francis Quinn; honorable mention, Lewis O'Leary; Aubrey Marriot; Class prize, grade 9, girls, Doris Burke; honorable mention, Dorothy Brown, Catherine Sullivan.

Class prize, grade 8, girls, Margaret O'Keefe; honorable mention, Catherine Hamel, Mildred Landers.

Class prize, grade 7, boys, Orpheus Bizzozzer; honorable mention, Rinaldo Provost, Arthur Aldridge. Class prize, grade 7, girls, Pauline Beck; honorable mention, Annie Desseaux, Gladys Grogan.

Class prize, grade 6, boys, Thomas Fitzgerald; honorable mention, William McNulty, Oral Bombrio. Class prize, grade 6, girls, Marguerite Murphy; honorable mention, Irene McDonald, Helen Kiekham.

Class prize, grade 5, girls, Henrietta Archambault, Rachel Bladreau; honorable mention, Alice Phelps, Ellen Brown.

Class prize, grade 4, boys, Joseph Roux; honorable mention, Kenneth Guard, James McNulty. Class prize, grade 4, girls, Susie David; honorable mention, Beatrice O'Keefe, Dorothy McMahon.

Class prize, grade 3, boys, Henry Desseaux; honorable mention, Earl Wilkie, Mac Pombrio. Class prize, grade 3, girls, Jeanette Croteau; honorable mention, Anna Mary Sullivan, Mary Kelly.

After the distribution of prizes, Rev. P. M. McKenna spoke to the children of the joys and pleasures of vacation and warned them against some of its dangers. Benediction followed after the singing of the hymn, "Holy God."

## DEATH OF NICHOLAS FLOOD.

Resident of Northfield for 45 Years—He Had Shock Saturday.

Nicholas Flood of Northfield died at Heaton hospital in Montpelier yesterday after having been taken there Saturday afternoon following a shock.

He was born in March, 1842, in county Wexford, Ireland, and came to Montpelier 30 years ago, residing in that place for a few years and then going to Northfield, where he had lived 45 years. He was employed by the Central Vermont Railway company nearly all that time and had many friends in this vicinity.

He leaves two daughters, Mrs. Fenno Wetmore of Barre and Mrs. Martin E. McKenna of Montpelier; also three stepdaughters, Mrs. B. A. Collins of Northfield, Mrs. John F. Fitzgerald of Melrose, Mass., and Mrs. John J. Donnelly of Jamaica Plain, Mass. The funeral will be held from St. Augustine's church in Montpelier Tuesday morning, and interment will be at Northfield.